

INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: XII	Department: Commerce
Worksheet No: 1	Topic: Development Experiences of India: A Comparison with Neighbours

MCQ:

- 1. Which of the following statements about the one-child norm is accurate?
 - a. The rule of the one-child norm was introduced in Sri Lanka
 - b. The rule of the one-child norm was introduced in Pakistan
 - c. The rule of the one-child norm was introduced in China
 - d. The rule of the one-child norm was introduced in India

A: c

2. With which of the following concepts is the commune system associated?

- a. Industrialisation
- b. Human rights
- c. SEZs
- d. Equal distribution of land

A: d

3. The population of China is small and accounts for ______ of India and Pakistan.

- a. One -tenth
- b. One -fifth
- c. One third
- $d. \quad One-eighth$

A: a

- 4. The GLF campaign in china focussed on
 - a. Widespread industrialisation
 - b. New agricultural strategy
 - c. Privatisation
 - d. Economic reforms

A: a

- 5. Population growth rate is highest in:
 - a. India

- b. China
- c. Pakistan
- d. None of these

A: c

- 6. Which of the following countries has the lowest density of population?
 - a. India
 - b. China
 - c. Pakistan
 - d. None of these

A: b

- 7. Maternal mortality rate is high in _____.
 - a. India
 - b. Pakistan
 - c. China
 - d. None of these

A: b

- 8. In terms of sectoral contribution to GDP, the economy of China is relying more on:
 - a. Primary sector
 - b. Secondary sector
 - c. Tertiary sector
 - d. None of these

A: c

- 9. The rapid industrial growth of China can be traced back to its reforms in _____.
 - a. 1988
 - b. 1964
 - c. 1978
 - d. 1992

A: c

- 10. GDP per capita is an _____ indicator.
 - a. education
 - b. health
 - c. income
 - d. sports

- A: c
- 11. Which of the following statements is correct about the economic reforms in China?
 - a. The economic reforms in China were initiated in the year 1978
 - b. The economic reforms in China were initiated in the year 1988
 - c. The economic reforms in China were initiated in the year 1998
 - d. The economic reforms in China were initiated in the year 1968

Answer: a

- 12. Which of the following is the main reason for understanding the economy of neighbouring countries?
 - a. Understanding the economy of neighbouring countries allows a nation to identify its competitors
 - b. Understanding the economy of neighbouring countries is essential for the scope of overall human development
 - c. Understanding the economy of neighbouring countries allows a nation to identify strengths and weaknesses
 - d. All of the above

Answer: d

- 13. When and where was 'One Child Norm' introduced?
- 14. When did India and Pakistan become independent?
- 15. When was Republic of China established?
- 16. When did the three countries start planning of their development strategies?
- 17. When did the three countries start economic reforms?
- 18. Name two indicators of HDI.
- 19. Name the two areas of development where India has topped Pakistan.
- 20. Name the three components of NEP.
- 21. Heavy dependence on exports has led to slowdown of the Chinese economy True or False.
- 22. Define the commune system in China.
- 23. Why and when did china introduce the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution?
- 24. Define Special Economic Zones.
- 25. What is GLF campaign?
- 26. What is dual pricing system?
- 27. India has failed to tackle poverty as much as China could True or False.
- 28. High infant mortality rate lowers the degree of HDI True or False.
- 29. Explain how China has an edge over India.
- 30. What are the similarities in the development plans of India, Pakistan and China?

- 31. Discuss the development plans and programmes of China.
- 32. Describe the main development policies of Pakistan.
- 33. Give a brief account of the demographic indicators of India, Pakistan and China.
- 34. What were the results of the 'one-child norm' introduced in China?
- 35. Give reasons for the slow growth and re-emergence of poverty in Pakistan.
- 36. Evaluate development strategies of the three countries.
- 37. Explain China's development strategy.
- 38. Explain Pakistan's development strategy
- 39. Explain great leap forward campaign of china as initiated in 1958.

REFER TO NOTES POSTED IN GOOGLE CLASSROOM FOR THE ANSWERS OF QNS 9 to 36

- 40. India, Pakistan and China have similar physical endowments, but different political situation. Do you agree?
 - A: India has the largest democracy in the world which id wedded to a secular and deeply liberal constitution.
 - Pakistan has a militarist political power structure and China has a command economy.
 - Recently Pakistan started moving towards a more democratic system and China towards more liberal economic restructuring.

ASSERTION-REASONING QUESTIONS:

41. Assertion (A): The fertility rate is high in Pakistan and very low in China.

Reason (R: The one child policy adopted by China was successful.

Options:

- a. Both assertion and reason are correct and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- b. Both assertion and reason are correct and reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- c. Assertion is true but reason is false.
- d. Assertion is false but reason is true.Ans: Option a
- 42. Assertion (A): Both India and Pakistan opted for the mixed economy model.

Reason (R: Mixed economy model opts for the participation of neither the public sector nor the private sector.

Options:

- a. Both assertion and reason are correct and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- b. Both assertion and reason are correct and reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- c. Assertion is true but reason is false.
- d. Assertion is false but reason is true.

Ans: Option c

43. Assertion (A): the aim of the Great Leap Forward campaign initiated in China was to transform the agrarian economy into a modern economy through rapid industrialization.

Reason (R): Under the Great Leap Forward campaign, students and professionals were sent to work and learn from the countryside.

- a. Both assertion and reason are correct and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- b. Both assertion and reason are correct and reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- c. Assertion is true but reason is false.
- d. Assertion is false but reason is true.

A: Option c

44. Assertion (A): Dual Pricing policy was initiated in the reforms process of China.

Reason (R): In order to attract foreign investors, special economic zones were setup.

Alternatives:

- a. Both assertion and reason are correct and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- b. Both assertion and reason are correct and reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.
- c. Assertion is true but reason is false.
- d. Assertion is false but reason is true.

A: Option b

45. Assertion (A): There was low population growth in China.

Reason (R): One child policy was adopted by China.

Alternatives:

- a. Both assertion and reason are correct and reason is the correct explanation of assertion.
- b. Both assertion and reason are correct and reason is not the correct explanation of

assertion.

- c. Assertion is true but reason is false.
- d. Assertion is false but reason is true. Ans Option a